Tyler's Spring (45°) at 1,500 feet altitude. This large spring cools the whole neighborhood, but whether that has any bearing upon the occurrence of these particular species here is not known to the writer.

Jungermannia pumila With. grew on the large stones in the river just above the water-line, and bore plenty of perianths. It was in neat dark-green tufts, which were very noticeable among the Scapaniae, Grimmiae, Rhacomitrium aciculare, etc., occupying the same rocks. Reported from Vermont, New Hampshire and Connecticut.

Jungermannia cordifolia Hook. was also on the river rocks in front of the spring, just at the water-line, some of it, in fact, being submerged, although the river was low this year. This is the second station for New England, the other being at Rainbow, Conn. (See Evans, Rhodora 6: Jl 1904). These plants were sterile, and small, as they grew on the rocks with only a little sand about their rhizoids, but were otherwise characteristic. They are purplish-black, in contrast to the last-named species, and are most distinct, with their heart-shaped leaves, thin cell-walls without trigones, and flagella. It should be sought in the remaining New England states. The allied J. riparia Tayl. is a limestone plant.

Without doubt there are other species of this genus still undetected among the White Mountains, especially in the vicinity of Mt. Carrigain, which is as yet practically unexplored.

Annie Lorenz.

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

REVIEWS

Cole's Bermuda in Periodical Literature *

The author of the handsome and scholarly book that has recently appeared under the title of "Bermuda in Periodical Literature" has given especial attention to the botany, zoology

*Cole, George Watson. Bermuda in Periodical Literature, with occasional references to other works: A Bibliography. Pp. ix +275. With portrait of the author and eight facsimiles of title-pages of ancient books on Bermuda. 1907. The Boston Book Company. \$3.00.

and geology of the Bermudas, in so far as these sciences have been represented in periodicals and in the transactions of learned societies. Of the 1,382 entries, 45 of botanical interest are found indexed under "Flora," and a considerable number of additional titles occur under "Algae," "Fungi," "Diatomaceae," "Cedartree," etc. Nearly all of the articles cited have passed under the eye of Mr. Cole, and notes giving brief summaries of their substance add greatly to the value and interest of the book. Only three hundred and fifty copies of the work were printed, of which two hundred were for the author. "Bermuda in Periodical Literature" will be of much service not only to those interested in Bermuda from the historical and scientific standpoints but also to any prospective visitor who wishes an intelligent outlook upon what has been written of these islands.

Marshall A. Howe.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CLUB

JANUARY 29, 1908

The meeting for January 29, 1908, was held in the museum building of the New York Botanical Garden at 3:30 P. M. Vice-President Barnhart occupied the chair and there was an attendance of thirty-four.

The secretary presented the report of Mr. Percy Wilson, chairman of the field committee, for 1907. Twenty-five field meetings were reported scheduled through the months of May to October inclusive, though a few of these meetings were not held on account of inclement weather.

Mr. Edwin B. Bartram, Wayne, Pa., was nominated for membership, and resignations from Mr. W. W. Eggleston and Mr. Eugene Smith were read and accepted. On motion, the secretary cast the vote of the Club electing Mr. Edwin B. Bartram to active membership.

A motion was made and passed that the officers of the Club be authorized to incur necessary expenditures pending the adoption of a budget for the current year. On motion the secretary,